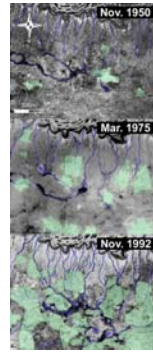


Land clearing, rainfed cropping and increased groundwater resources in semiarid SW Niger

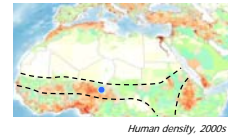
Guillaume Favreau
IRD, Niamey, Niger



Regional changes

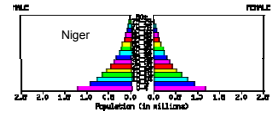


Population ▶



◀ millet fields

◀ Long-term dynamics ▶



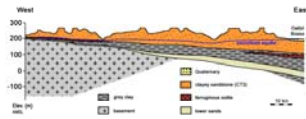
Rain-fed millet crop
(Pennisetum sp.)
expanded in surface area to
meet food demand

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San Francisco, June 2010

Weak groundwater pumping



- Sandstone aquifer
150,000 km²



- Domestic water use is ~20L/inhab./day

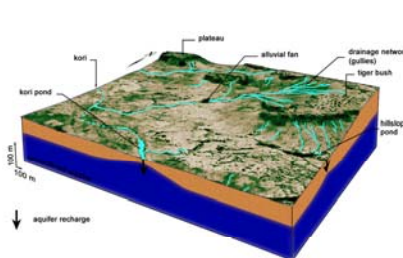


- Irrigation is < 1% cultivated areas
mostly from surface water
groundwater pumping
supported by WB and projects



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Landscape: no large river (endoreism)

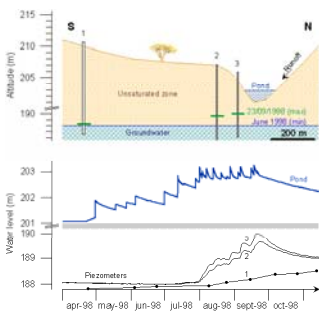


- Intense rainfall events
- Soil crusting
- Slopes of ~1-3%



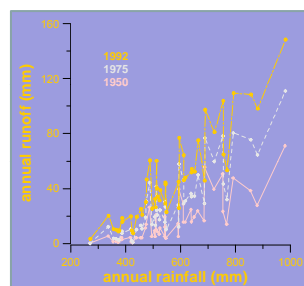
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Focused recharge

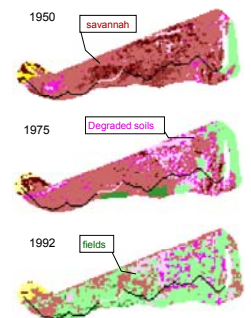


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Soil crusting increased runoff

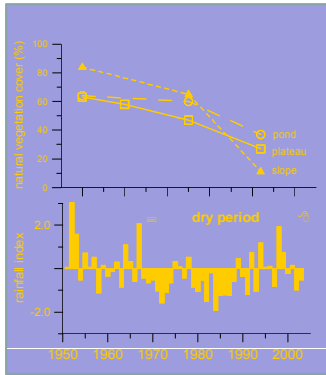


a × 3 increase in runoff capacity



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Groundwater recharge increased



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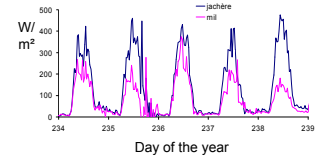
Drainage increased



Flux station in millet field



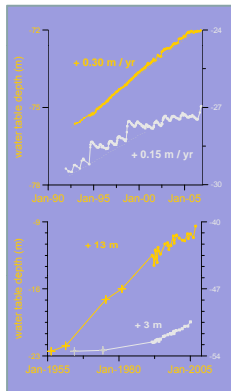
Flux station in fallow area



Increase in drainage
and soil water content

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Long term rise in the water table



Aquifer resources have increased
by 15% in 50 years

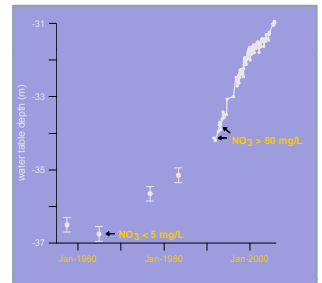
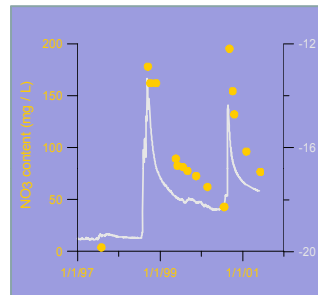
Net recharge ~25 mm/yr

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Increase in GW NO₃ near ponds



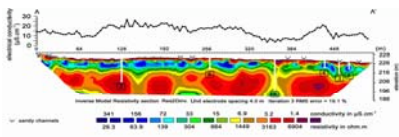
Seasonal changes in NO₃ content



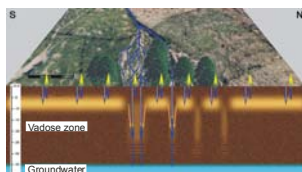
Long-term dynamics in NO₃

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Leaching below gullies



Solute accumulated at depth
is being leached to the water table

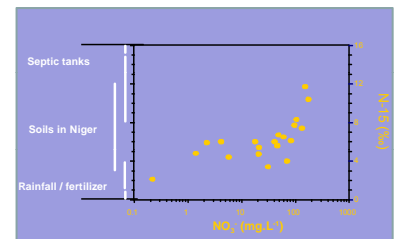


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A natural origin for nitrate in groundwater



Valley bottom cleared



20% of pumped ground waters > WHO limit

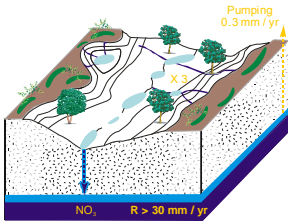
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Summary



CLIMATE VARIABILITY

Rainfall : - 20%
Runoff: - 40%
No NO₃ input



LAND CLEARING

Runoff × 3
Recharge × 10
Net NO₃ input

Representativity at a regional scale,
feedback on the monsoon dynamics ?

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Technical / Science talk



Key consequences for decision makers :

- Excess of groundwater recharge of ~25 L / m² / year
- Land clearing increased NO₃ in groundwater near ponds
- irrigation should be encouraged to avoid soil salinization on the long-term
- Irrigation should be promoted near ponds



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Irrigation wherever highly profitable...



Flat sandy to
clayey landscape
1950s-60s



Irrigation
started
In the 1970s



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